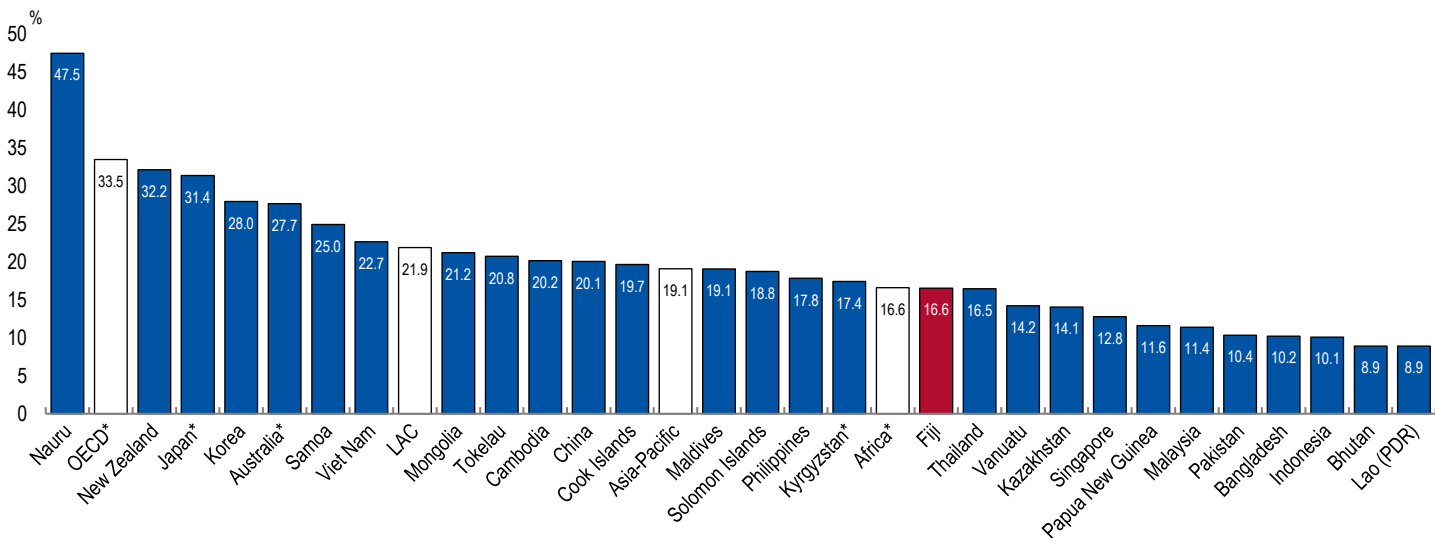


Revenue Statistics in Asia and the Pacific 2022 – Fiji

Tax-to-GDP ratio

Tax-to-GDP ratio compared to other Asian and Pacific economies and regional averages, 2020

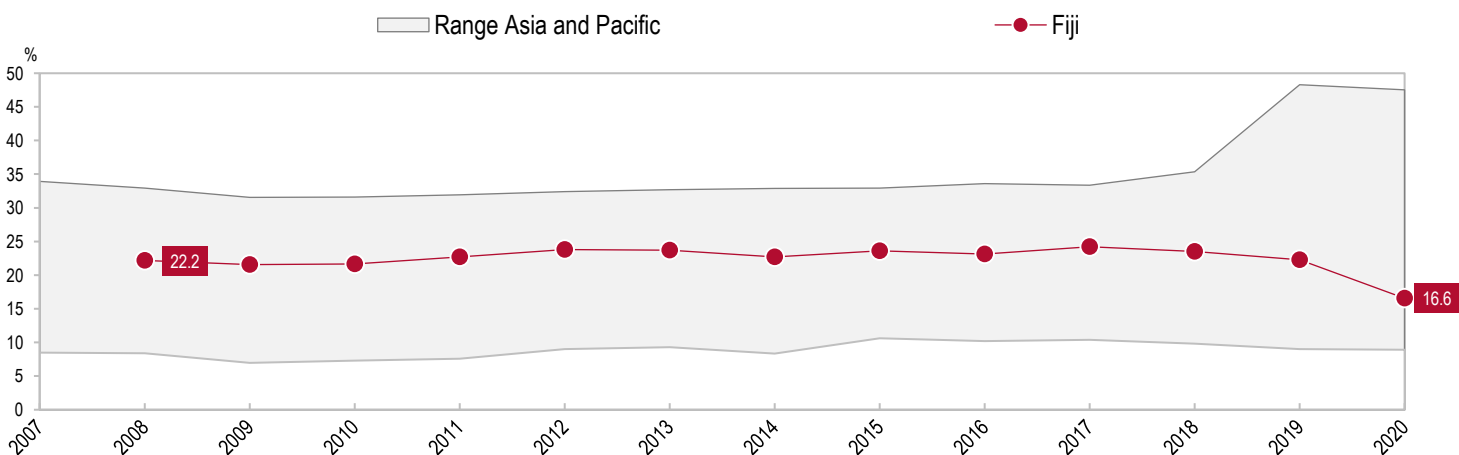
Fiji's tax-to-GDP ratio was 16.6% in 2020, below the Asia and Pacific (28) average of 19.1% by 2.6 percentage points. It was also below the OECD average (33.5%) by 17.0 percentage points.



* The 2019 Africa (30) average is shown. The 2020 average for Asia-Pacific (28) and the OECD is calculated using 2019 data for Australia and Japan. For Australia and Japan the 2019 data are shown as 2020 data are not available. Note by the ADB: The ADB recognises "Kyrgyzstan" as the "Kyrgyz Republic".

Tax-to-GDP ratio over time

The tax-to-GDP ratio in Fiji decreased by 5.7 percentage points from 22.3% in 2019 to 16.6% in 2020. From 2008 (the earliest year for which data was available) to 2020, the tax-to-GDP ratio in Fiji decreased by 5.6 percentage points from 22.2% to 16.6%. The highest tax-to-GDP ratio in this period was 24.2% in 2017, and the lowest 16.6% in 2020.



In the OECD classification the term "taxes" is confined to compulsory unrequited payments to general government. Taxes are unrequited in the sense that benefits provided by government to taxpayers are not normally in proportion to their payments. <http://www.oecd.org/tax/tax-policy/oecd-classification-taxes-interpretative-guide.pdf>

Regional averages (OECD, LAC, Africa (30)) refer to the 2022 edition for Revenue Statistics in Latin America and the Caribbean, and to the 2021 editions of the Revenue Statistics (OECD), and Revenue Statistics in Africa. [oe.cd/global-rev-stats-database](https://www.oecd.org/global-rev-stats-database)

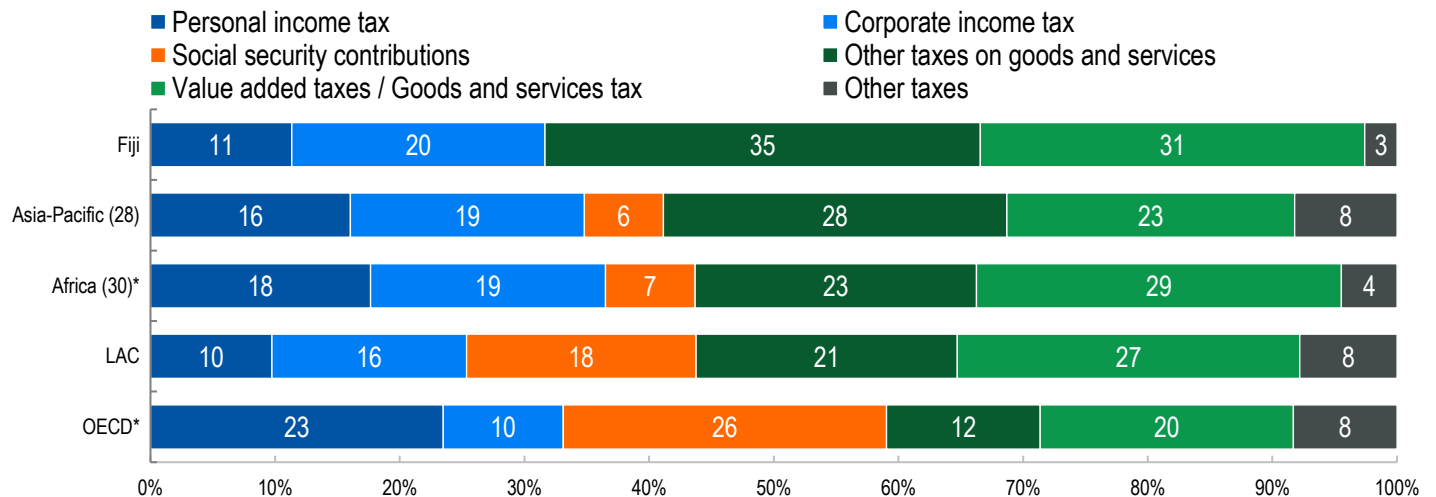


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Tax structures

Tax structure compared to the regional averages

Tax structure refers to the share of each tax in total tax revenues. The highest share of tax revenues in Fiji in 2020 was derived from other taxes on goods and services (34.9%). The second-highest share of tax revenues in 2020 was derived from value added taxes / goods and services tax (30.9%).



* Data for 2019 are used for the Africa (30) average. The 2019 OECD average is used as Australia and Japan 2020 data are not available.

Summary of the tax structure in Fiji

	Tax Revenues in national currency Fijian Dollar, Millions			Tax structure in Fiji % in GDP		
	2020	2019	Δ	2020	2019	Δ
Taxes on income, profits and capital gains	509	712	- 203	5.2	6.0	- 0.8
<i>of which</i>						
Personal income, profits and gains	182	202	- 20	1.9	1.7	+ 0.2
Corporate income and gains	326	510	- 184	3.4	4.3	- 0.9
Social security contributions	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Taxes on goods and services	1 057	1 846	- 789	10.9	15.6	- 4.7
<i>of which</i>						
Value added taxes / Goods and services tax	496	804	- 308	5.1	6.8	- 1.7
Taxes on specific goods and services	538	952	- 415	5.5	8.0	- 2.5
<i>of which</i>						
Excises	185	370	- 185	1.9	3.1	- 1.2
Customs and import duties	305	420	- 116	3.1	3.6	- 0.5
Other taxes	42	79	- 37	0.4	0.7	- 0.3
TOTAL	1 607	2 637	- 1 030	16.6	22.3	- 5.7

Tax revenue includes net receipts for all levels of government; figures in the table may not sum to the total indicated due to rounding.

In this country note, "other taxes" is calculated as total tax minus taxes on income, profits and capital gains, social security contributions and taxes on goods and services. It includes taxes on payroll and workforce, taxes on property and other taxes (as defined in the OECD Interpretative Guide).

For further information, please see: oe.cd/revenue-statistics-in-asia-and-pacific



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