Productive Development Policies in Latin America and the Caribbean

"Let's get into the how's"

José Manuel Salazar Xirinachs

Executive Secretary

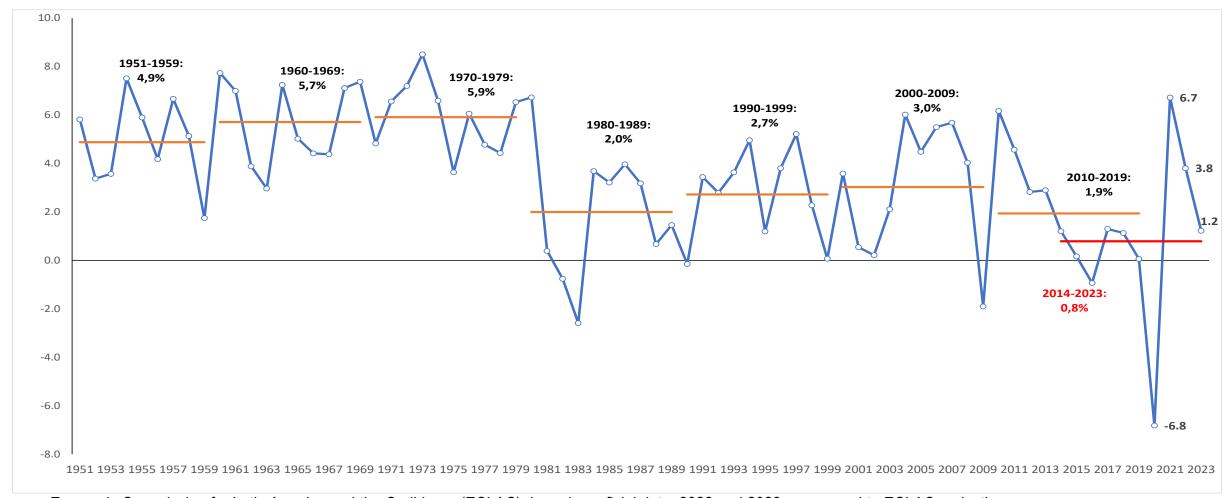
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In terms of growth, LAC is completing an even worse decade than the infamous lost decade

Latin America and the Caribbean: GDP growth rate, 1951-2023 (Percentages)

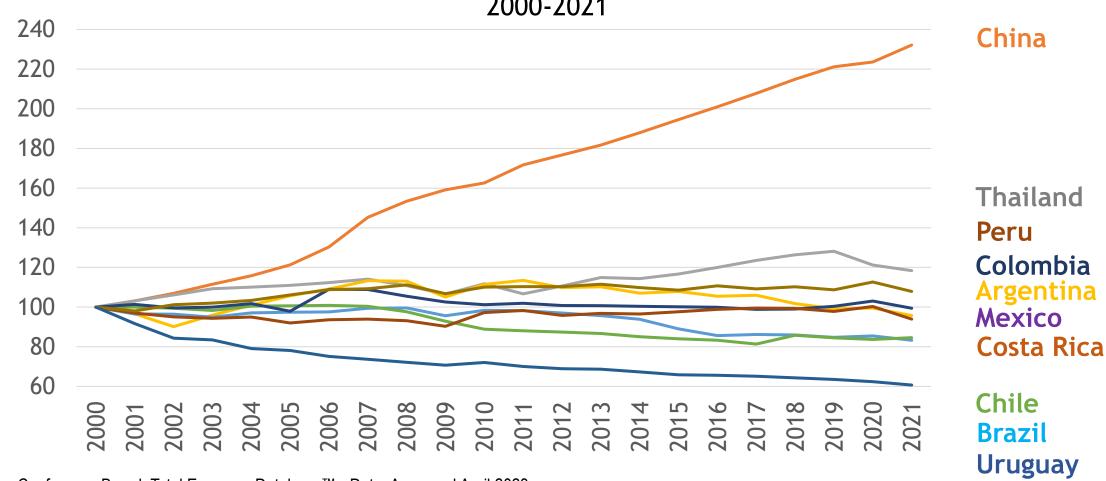


Source: Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC), based on oficial data. 2022 and 2023 correspond to ECLAC projections.



A great part of this low growth can be explained by a stagnant productivity in the last decades

Cumulative growth of total factor productivity, (index, year 2000 = 100) 2000-2021



Source: The Conference Board. Total Economy Database™ - Data. Accessed April 2023



Predicament

- LAC has a low growth disease, and this has been happening in the era of globalization, of accelerated technological change, of the digital revolution and now of artificial inteligence..
- If we continue like this we risk ...
 - Loosing social peace
 - Turning increasingly into more unequal and violent societies
 - Having more millions of people migrating
 - Loosing democracy
- Because democracy is incompatible with a stagnant economy and a frustrated citizenship without hope for a better future.

Context for productive development policies

- 1— In order to improve our region's productivity, we need to **upgrade**, **diversify**, and foster a **positive structural change** of our economies.
- Unfortunately, these processes do not occur spontaneously: productive development efforts are required.
- 3— LAC countries don't start from scratch on this front, but their efforts have been marginal, uncoordinated, discontinuous, with a top-down approach, and, in general, with little impact.
- Therefore, we face the challenge of scaling up these efforts, of better articulating them, of giving them greater continuity, of giving them a more bottoms-up approach, and of increasing their impact.
- 5— In a context in which **industrial policies are "back in fashion"** (really, they never left) and developed countries are implementing them explicitly with ample resources.
- 6 This requires escalating our efforts and being very strategic on how to implement them.
- ECLAC will be working to better guide both national and subnational governments in this task.

A new way of understading the scope and articulation of productive development policies

A sustainable and inclusive productive development agenda

aims at the upgrading, diversifying and fostering a positive structural change of the economy as a vehicle for increasing productivity and thus achieving higher levels of prosperity for our countries and their people.

Productive structure (sectors, value chains, clusters, MSMEs, companies)

technology and innovation Science,

Technological extension Digital transformation

Entrepreneurship

skills Addressing nismatch Financing throughout business lifecycle Specific infrastructure and public other specific

nvestment

goods

genda Specific regulatory quality) (e.g.

Internationalization

Productive development with a territorial approach

Governance for productive development





Driving sectors

Areas of opportunity for growth and collaboration

(1) Energy transition: renewable energies, green hydrogen and lithium

(2) Electromobility

(3) Circular economy

(4) The bioeconomy: sustainable agriculture, genetic resources and bio-industrialization

(5) Geographical rearrangement of production (GSP reconfiguration)

(6) Pharmaceutical and life sciences industry

(7) The medical devices manufacturing industry

(8) Modern or ICTenabled services exports

(9) Advanced manufacturing

(10) Gender equality and the care society

(11) Sustainable water management

(12) Sustainable tourism

(13) E-government

(14) Agriculture for food security



Let's go into the "how's": some guidelines

- 1 Productive development efforts must be scaled up.
- 2 Strategic bets have to be made: "we are doomed to prioritize".
- 3— Productivity is local and has to be addressed at the local level, with local level actors.
- 4 Governance for productive development: a crucial issue.
- 6 Cluster initiatives: a potent way of combining productive prioritization, territorial approach, experimentalist governance, and strategic focus.
- 6 Evaluate, evaluate, evaluate.





Glifos nahuas, bajorrelieve en el caracol del edificio de la sede de la CEPAL en Santiago.

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