

Morocco

Facing the global economic crisis For faster growth and more widely shared prosperity



M. Nizar BARAKA Minister of Economic and General Affairs



I - Morocco : economy advantages

II - The global economic crisis impacts

III - Our strategy to mitigate the crisis effects

IV - A new governance style



I - Morocco : economy advantages

A strong and diversified growth

Stable macroeconomic framework

Strong and healthy financial system

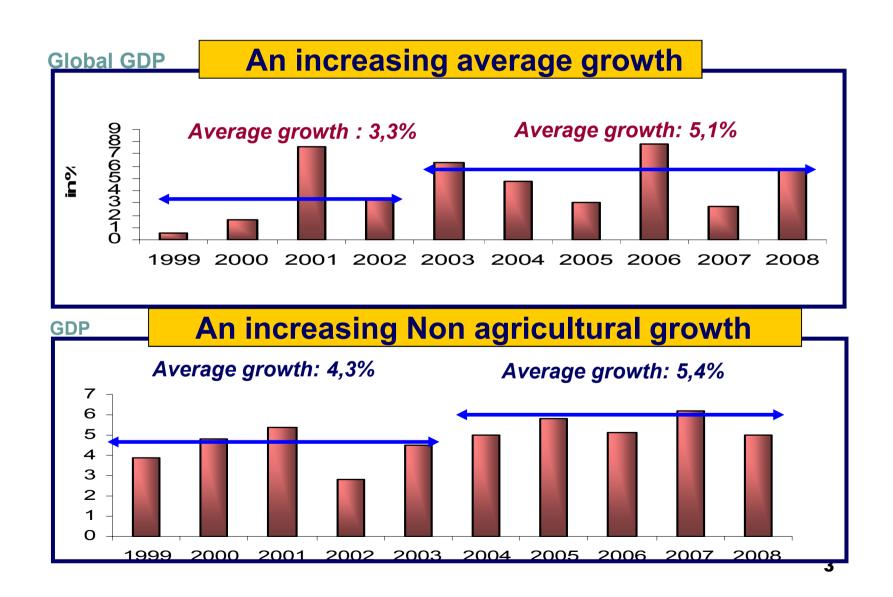
A more open economy and a more attractive economy

A decreasing unemployment rate

An Improving level of life

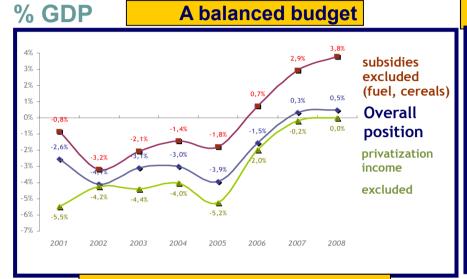


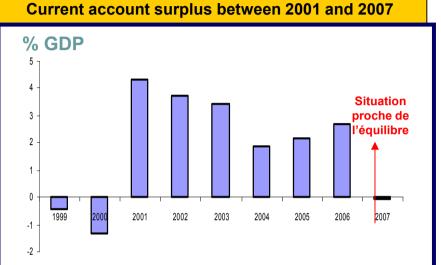
A strong and diversified growth

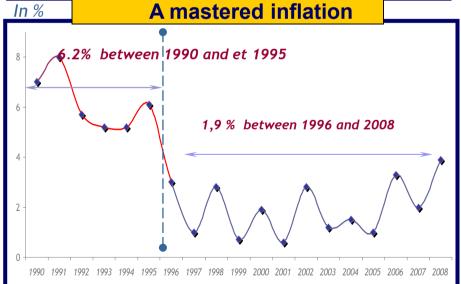


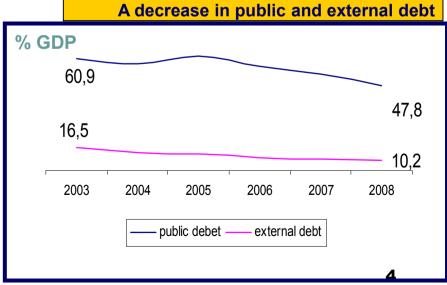
Stable macroeconomic framework





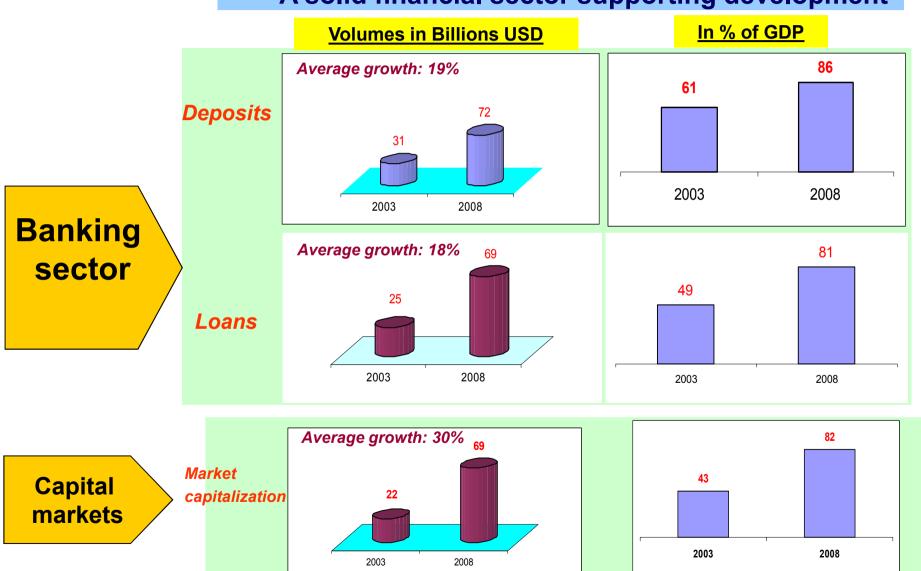






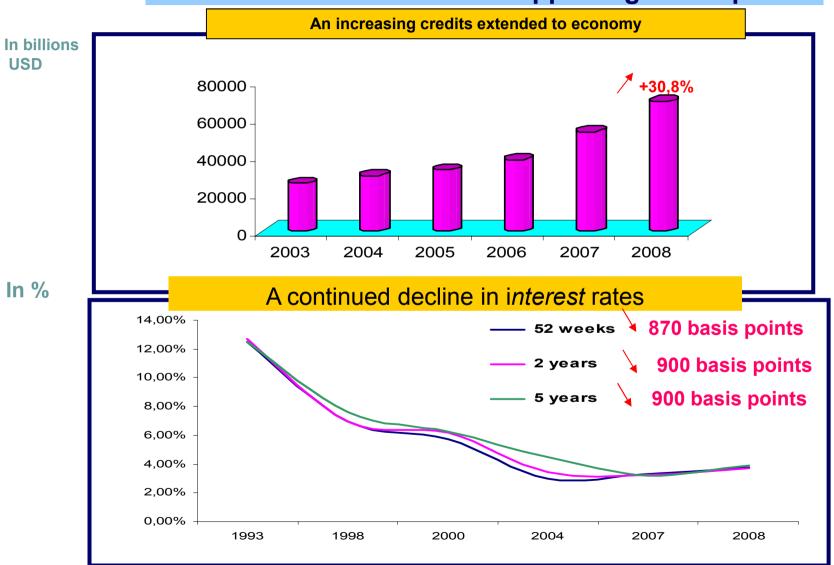
Strong and healthy financial system

A solid financial sector supporting development



Strong and healthy financial system

A solid financial sector supporting development

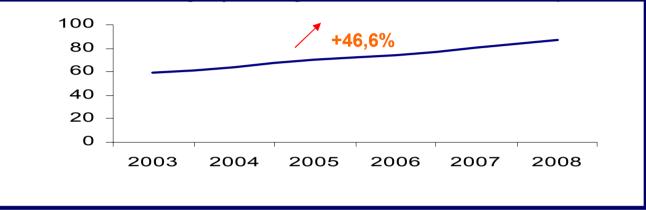




A more open economy and a more attractive economy

An increasing opening rate of the economy



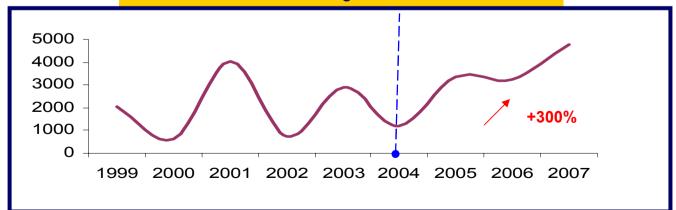


Commitment to Free Trade and Regional Integration



In Millions USD

Positive evolution of Foreign Direct Investments



A more attractive economy

MULTIPLE FDI PROJECTS COMING ON STREAM IN MOROCCO







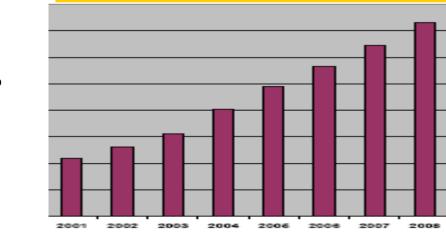






Attractivity is a reality

An increasing number of franchisees



+470 franchisees since 2002

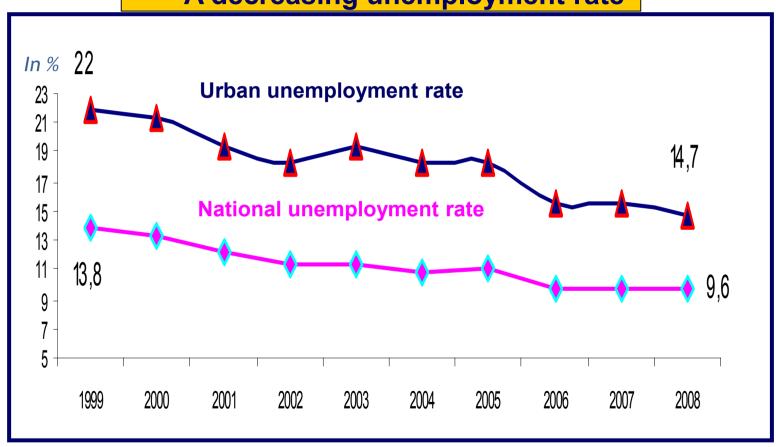
+40 franchisees en 2008

Clothing, 26% catering, 7% Furniture, 7% Shoes, 5%



A proactive employment policy

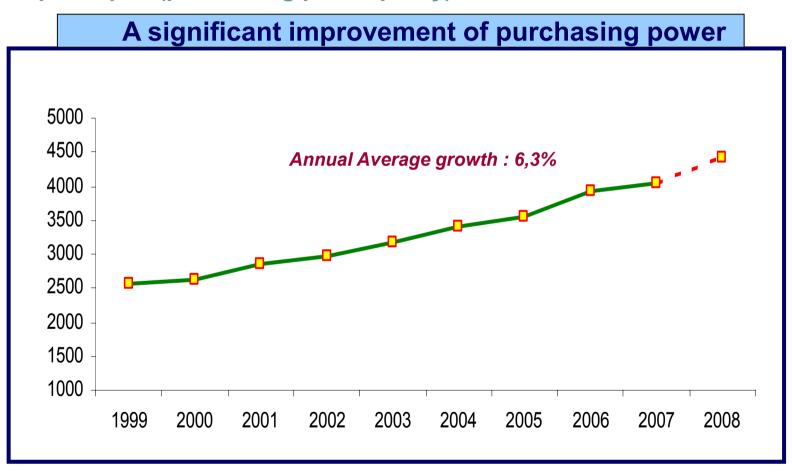
A decreasing unemployment rate





An Improving level of life

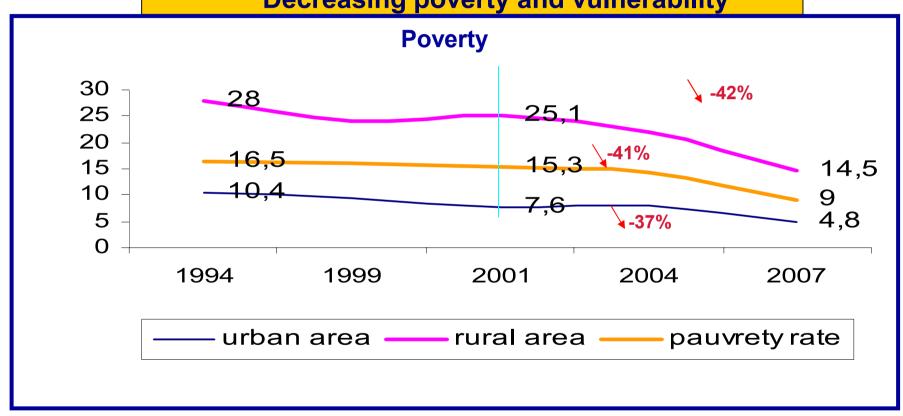
GDP per capita (purchasing power parity)





Improvement of level life

Decreasing poverty and vulnerability



II -The global economic crisis impacts

1 - A more resilient economy toward exogenous chocks

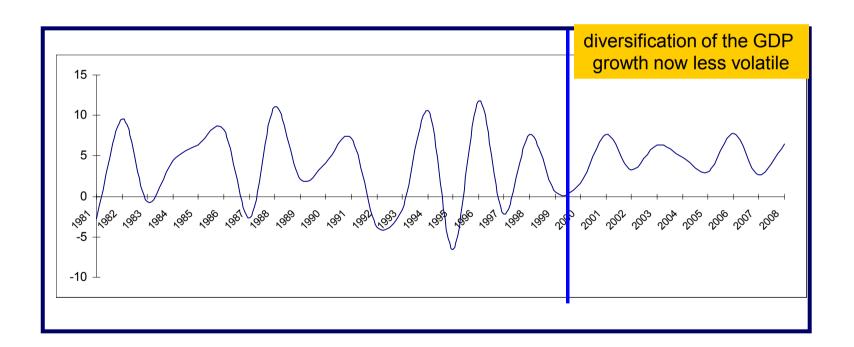
2 - The spreading channels of the crisis

3 - Global economic crisis: the challenges



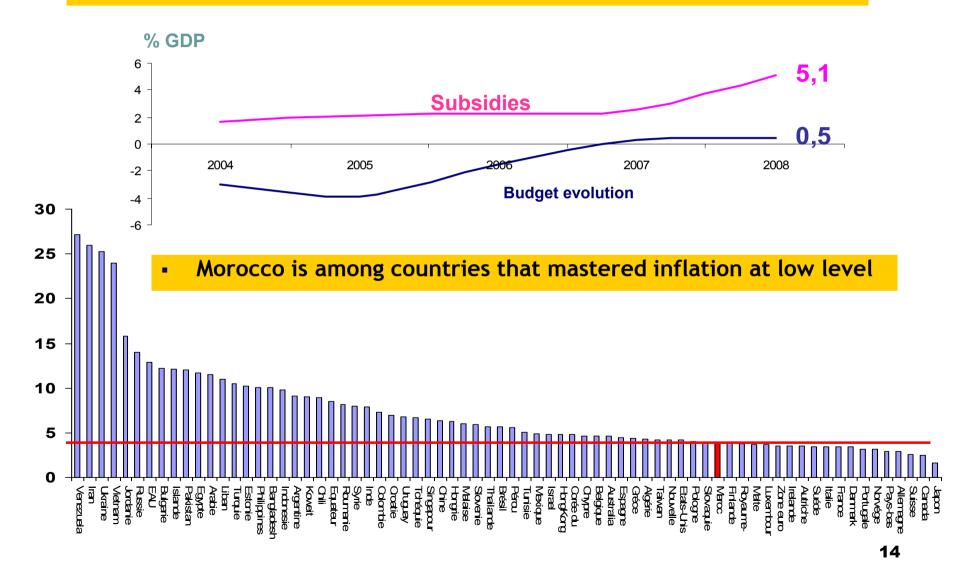
1-A more resilient economy toward exogenous chocks

Toward regular shocks associated with rainfall volatility



1-A more resilient economy toward exogenous chocks

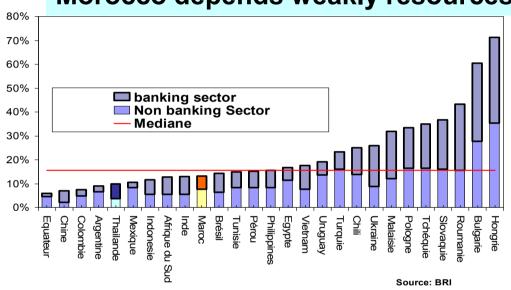
Toward energy and food crisis: Budgetary capacity to fund subsidies



1-A more resilient economy toward exogenous chocks

Toward Financial crisis: A sound financial system

Morocco depends weakly resources currencies



External liabilities of banks represent 1.2% of their resources.

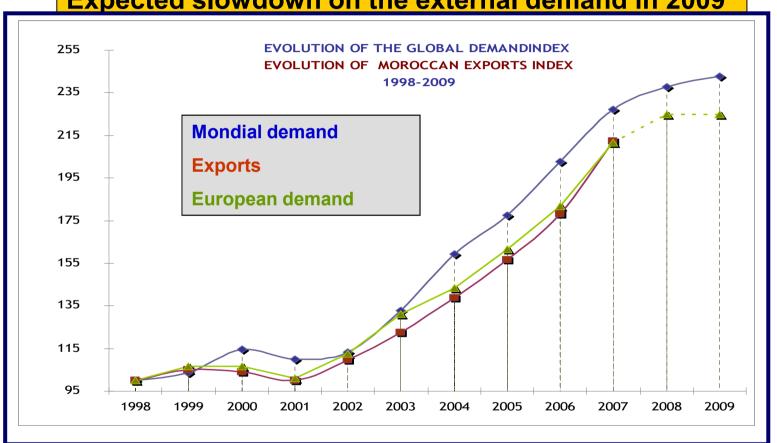
The commitments in foreign currencies of enterprises represent just 3.3% of loans.

Moroccan banks do not hold claims "toxic"

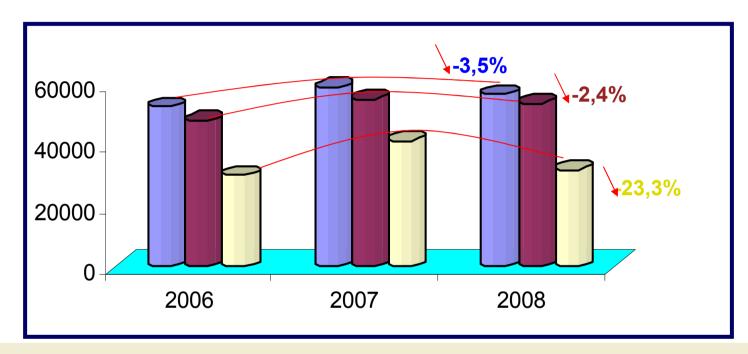


2- The spreading channels of the economic crisis





2- The spreading channels of the economic crisis



- Decrease in Moroccan migrants money transfers (2,4%)
- Decline in tourism incomes (3,5%)
- Regression of FDI flows (23,3%)

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3 - Global economic crisis: the challenges

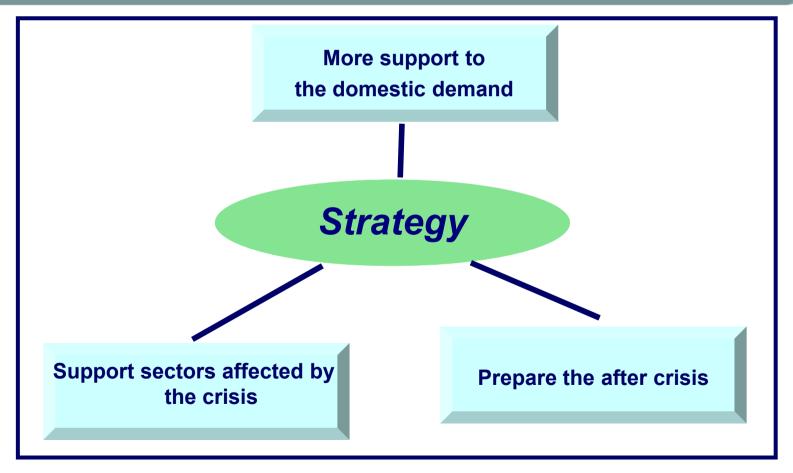
Growth slowdown of non-agricultural sectors

Increase in unemployment

Increase in current account deficit

Less external financings

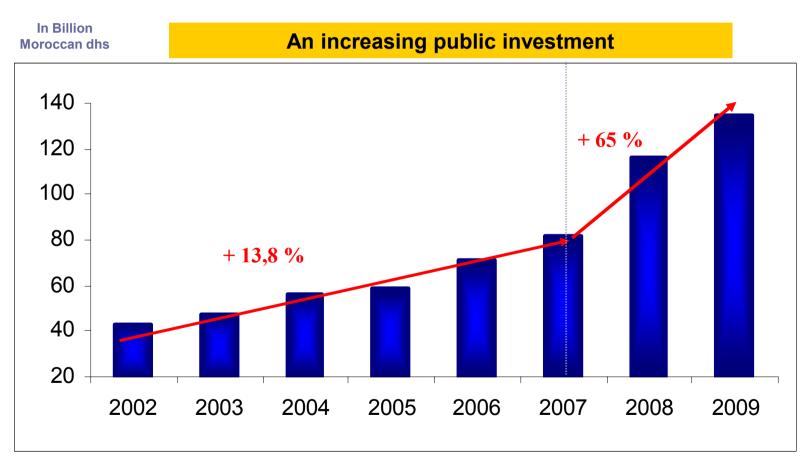
III - Our strategy to mitigate the crisis effects





1- More support to the domestic demand

Accelerate the pace of big structuring projects



1- More support domestic demand

Major infrastructure development programs

Highways, roads and railways: 1'000 km of highways, 15'000 km of
rural roads and railways

USD 10-15 bn

Major integrated infrastructures (e.g., « Tanger Med »): launch of a port in the North of Morocco at international standards, one of the top 3 ports in the Med

USD 2-3 bn

□ **Energy policy**: massive investment programs in power generation and clean renewables and liberalization agenda

USD 2 bn

Utilities: massive development of rural electrification (PERG), water distribution (PAGER) and waste management

USD 1.5 bn

Sustainable development / Water resources: modernization of water efficiency systems in agriculture and new sustainable sources (pipeline, desalinization, dams)

USD 6 bn

□ **Social Housing and urban development** (200'000 houses p.a.)

USD 15 bn









1- More support domestic demand

TangerMed: an example of integrated development plan

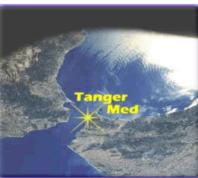
An integrated Logistics Hub

- 14 kms from Europe
- Top 3 ports in Mediterranean
- Full logistics integration

- Breakthrough developments
- in industry in record time

















35 000 to 40 000 jobs in past 5 years



- About €600 millions investment
- 400 000 cars produced yearly (for export)
- Over 35 000 jobs
- 15-20 activities locally integrated



1- More support domestic demand

Protect purchasing

Income improvement



Mastered Prices





Reinforcement of social security

Designing a conditional cash transfer program



Setting an insurance for job loss



Enlargement of the health care coverage



Enhancing human development

National Initiative for Human Development



Enhancement of rural zones





2- Supporting sectors affected by the crisis

Exports activities : the need to preserve jobs

- Financial support :creating a guarantee fund to improve the financial situation of firms
- Commercial support : Support marketing efforts to find new destinations for export (creation of a fund to support exports)
- Social support : giving financial support the employer charges (100%) in affected sectors such automobile, textile and leather

Tourism: preserve the sector attractiveness ("cap 2009" plan)

3- Prepare for the after crisis

coherent agenda of structural reforms



IV - A new governance style

Moralization and civism

- Mandatory Asset declarations
- Creation of anti corruption agency
- Creation of a Special Control Unit Against Money Laundering

Contracting partnership

With:

- Private sector
- Public companies (contractual programs)
- Social partners

Institutional dimension

- Launch of the "competitiveness council"
- Creation of the Moroccan agency to promote investment
- Creation of agency to promote agriculture
- Creation of the comitee of business climate

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■ Thank you for your attention