

## Cities and Regions for a Blue Economy

Towards a Resilient, Inclusive, Sustainable and Circular (RISC-proof) blue economy in cities and regions

## What is the issue?

The blue economy is a driver for urban and regional development, especially in coastal, delta, fluvial and lacustrine cities that rely on marine and freshwater resources. However, coastal and inland cities and regions are increasingly exposed to the risks of too much, too little and too polluted water, threating economic activities, health and ecosystems. Recognising that economic resilience requires water resilience, Cities for a Blue Economy seeks to help cities and regions develop a Resilient, Inclusive, Sustainable and Circular (RISC-proof) blue economy at local level.



Conservative estimated value of the ocean economy



Too much

**570** 

Low-lying coastal cities facing SLR of 0.5m by 2050, putting 800 million people at risk



**Jobs** 

350 million

Jobs linked to the ocean



**Too little** 

-12%

Potential reduction in a city's economic growth due to drought





1.5 x GDP

Value of services provided by biodiversity & ecosystems globally

Too polluted



**75%** 

of cities see water pollution as a challenge

## Why now?



2020
Green recovery from COVID-19



2030 UN SDG targets



2050 Net-zero GHG

## Why cities, regions and basins?

- Blue economic activities (e.g. tourism, fisheries and blue biotechnology) take place, create value and provide employment at the local level.
- Core city competences such as land use planning, water and sanitation, and waste management greatly affect the level of water security and quality, which, in turn, affects the blue economy.
- ➤ Water infrastructure investments at local level, responding to local water risks, directly affect the ability of cities to carry out blue economic activities (e.g. nature-based solutions can limit urban flooding and allow groundwater restoration).

# A RISC-proof blue economy in cities, regions and basins



#### RESILIENT

to shocks and risks exacerbated by climate change



## **INCLUSIVE**

of local communities and stakeholders



#### **SUSTAINABLE**

environmentally, to preserve ecosystems



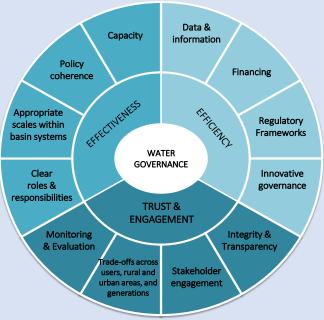
#### **CIRCULAR**

to use resources efficiently and reduce waste, including from plastics

## How? Get water governance right!

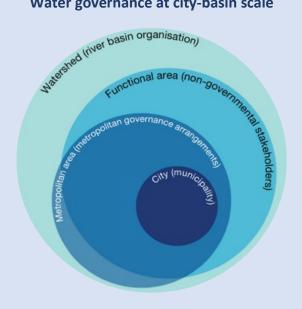
Adopting a RISC-proof blue economy in cities and regions implies getting water governance right, at the right scale. This calls for a functional "city-basin" approach to water resources management.

### **OECD Principles on Water Governance**



OECD (2015), OECD Principles on Water Governance, oe.cd/48w

#### Water governance at city-basin scale



OECD (2016), Water Governance in Cities, oe.cd/il/4ue

## The project proposal

The Cities and Regions for a Blue Economy project will support cities, regions and basin authorities through:



**LEARNING** - Multi-level policy dialogues with cities, regions and basins to identify challenges and opportunities for the blue economy, applying the RISC-proof approach



**SHARING -** Peer-to-peer learning on best practice and lessons learned from international experience





**GUIDING** - Defining and disseminating policy recommendations and action plans for RISC-proof blue economies in cities, regions and basins

## **Next steps**

#### COP 27 (November 2022)

Preliminary findings from the OECD Global Survey on Localising the Blue Economy

## **UN 2023 Water Conference (March 2023)**

City, Region and Basin Profiles linked to the Survey Multi-Stakeholder Pledge on Localising the Blue Economy

#### **UN Ocean Decade Conference (April 2024)**

Synthesis Report

10th World Water Forum (May 2024)

Deep Dive Cases

**UN Ocean Conference (2025)** 

**Networking Acceleration Platform** 

#### Oriana Romano

Head of Unit, Water Governance, Blue and Circular Economy Cities, Urban Policies and Sustainable Development Division OECD Centre for Entrepreneurship, SMEs, Regions and Cities (CFE)





