

## PAGE 4: B.1) ABOUT YOU

Q1: COUNTRY	DOMINICA
Q2: ABOUT YOU	
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Q3: CONSULTATION (Other ministries/agencies consulted in preparing this questionnaire reply) :	Dominica Bureau of Standards (DBOS), Customs and Excise Division, Ministry of Finance and Planning, Dominica Export Import Agency (DEXIA)

## PAGE 6: C.2.) YOUR GOVERNMENT'S AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES

xid-for-Trade priorities? Yes
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## PAGE 7: C.2.) YOUR GOVERNMENT'S AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES

grouped according to broad Aid-for-Trade categories I2 listed .(1 being the most important)	. Please rank the top 5 priority areas among the
Frade policy analysis, negotiations and implementation	2
Frade facilitation	3
Fransport infrastructure (airport, roads, rail, port)	5
Cross-border infrastructure	4
Regional integration	1

#### Q6: Additional information.

Please note that all areas identified immediately above are of priority to Dominica; those identified are so done due to the requirements of the Questionnaire.

## PAGE 8: C.2) YOUR GOVERNMENT'S AID FOR TRADE PRIORITIES

Q7: Have your Aid-for-Trade priorities changed since 2012?

No

### PAGE 9: C.2) YOUR GOVERNMENT'S AID FOR TRADE PRIORITIES

Q8: What are the top 3 drivers of these changes? (Please choose no more than 3 options)	Respondent skipped this question
Q9: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question
Q10: Have these changes been reflected in your national development strategy?	Respondent skipped this question
Q11: Have these changes been reflected in your dialogue with development partners?	Respondent skipped this question
Q12: Is trade facilitation reflected as a priority in your national or regional development policy?	Respondent skipped this question

#### PAGE 10: C.2.) YOUR GOVERNMENT'S AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES

Q13: In which existing policy document(s) can trade facilitation be found as a priority? (You may tick more than one box)

Regional trade agreement,

Regional development strategy,

Other (please specify)

Growth and Protection Strategy (2014 - 2018)

### Q14: Additional information.

The Government of the Commonwealth of Dominica remains committed to the pursuit of economic growth and the improved quality of life for all Dominicans hence the continued revision of the Growth and Social Protection Strategy (GSPS). This reinforces Government's dedication to providing social protection interventions while encouraging economic growth and sustained development at a national level.

## PAGE 11: C.2.) YOUR GOVERNMENT'S AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES

Q15: Is trade facilitation included in new draft policy documents currently being updated and formulated?

## PAGE 12: C.2.) YOUR GOVERNMENT'S AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES

Q16: Please indicate in which new draft policy documents, currently being updated or formulated, trade facilitation is included:	Respondent skipped this question
Q17: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

## PAGE 14: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q18: How important are trade costs for the competitiveness of your exports?	Very important	
Q19: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question	
Q20: Do your national policies address the issue of trade costs for exports?	No	

## PAGE 15: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q21: Which document(s) address(es) the issue of trade costs for exports?	Respondent skipped this question	
Q22: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question	

## PAGE 16: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q23: How important are trade costs for access to imports?	Very important
Q24: Additional information.	
Customs Duties (for example) can determine the quantity ability to do well on that market.	y of a particular product imported into Dominica and its

No

#### PAGE 17: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q25: Do national policies address the issue of trade costs for imports?

#### PAGE 18: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q26: Which document(s) address(es) the issue of trade costs for imports?

Respondent skipped this auestion

Q27: Additional information.

Respondent skipped this question

### PAGE 19: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q28: What are the most important sources of trade costs for the export of merchandise goods? (You may choose more than 1 option)

Access to trade finance

#### Q29: Additional information.

Many of our producers with export potential complaint of not having the cushion of support from Financial Institutions which would assist them in meeting quickly orders from external buyers.

#### PAGE 20: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q30: What are the most important sources of trade costs for the export of services? (You may choose more than 1 option)

Other

### Q31: Additional information.

None of the cost related areas indicated herein above do not apply to Dominica. Majority of the areas which would allow for restrictions and therefore added costs to the export of services have been dealt with on the Regional and Sub-Regional level; also specifically in the area of "Tariffs on Product inputs (e.g. on computers for ICT services)" the Prime Minister in his budget address has reduced the duties on these products in an effort to bring more awareness and engagement in the area of ICT.

#### PAGE 21: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q32: In which regional markets to which you export merchandise goods and services do you face the highest trade costs? (Please select no more than 5 regions)

Other,

(please specify)

The countries which Dominica actively trades with are within and under the auspices of preferential trade agreements and therefore "duty free" applies on those goods exported.

Q33: Indicate your home region.

Caribbean

### PAGE 22: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q34: FOR MERCHANDISE GOODS: For the markets which you have identified as the highest cost, why are trade costs high? (You may choose more than 1 option)

Respondent skipped this question

Q35: Additional information.

See "Additional Information" under relevant Question.

Q36: FOR SERVICES: For the markets which you have identified as the highest costs, why are trade costs high? (You may choose more than 1 options)

Respondent skipped this question

Q37: Additional information.

See "Additional Information" under relevant Question.

## PAGE 23: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q38: How have your trade costs evolved over the past 5 years?

Between 0-10% reduction

Q39: Additional information.

Dominica has embraced automation (ASYCUDA World) and have embraced a Trade Logistics Project; this has enabled a time efficiency leading to savings in trade costs.

PAGE 24: D.1) TRADE COSTS

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onig Buomood muox,
oing Business Index,
lonor funded project,
government,

### Q43: Additional information.

The Division of trade actively visits producers under an initiative aptly named "Giving Trade a Face" (G-TAF) and holds consultations regularly with the private sector and Government Line Ministries. There are also Focal Points within the Division which are to report monthly on activities taking place within private and public sector stakeholders.

## PAGE 26: E.1) REDUCING TRADE COSTS

Q44: Is your government taking national action to reduce trade costs?	Yes
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## PAGE 27: E.1) REDUCING TRADE COSTS

Q45: What national action is your government is taking ?(You may tick more than 1 box)	National government initiatives,  Joint public-private sector initiatives,  Initiatives supported by development partners
Q46: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

Q47: In which areas have national actions been undertaken or are on-going? (You may tick more than one box)

Border procedures (trade facilitation),

Non-Tariff Measures (including standards),

Network infrastructure (ICT, power, telecoms),

Transport infrastructure,

Network infrastructure (ICT, power, telecoms),

Transport infrastructure (e.g. for tourism),

Negotiations with trading partners on access for service suppliers

,

Tariffs on product inputs (e.g. on computers for

ICT services)

### PAGE 28: E.1) REDUCING TRADE COSTS

Q48: Is your government engaged in regional actions to reduce trade costs?

Yes

### PAGE 29: E.1) REDUCING TRADE COSTS

Q49: Please specify (You may tick more than 1 box)

Regional economic community,

Free trade agreements,

Joint public-private sector initiatives,

Initiatives supported by development partners

Q50: In which areas have regional actions been undertaken or are on-going? (You may tick more than 1 box)

Border procedures (trade facilitation),

Non-Tariff Measures (including standards),

Network infrastructure (ICT, power, telecoms),

Transport infrastructure,

Network infrastructure (ICT, power, telecoms),

Transport infrastructure (e.g. for tourism),

Negotiations with trading partners on access for service suppliers

,

Tariffs on product inputs (e.g. on computers for ICT services)

Q51: Additional information.

Respondent skipped this question

### PAGE 30: E.1) REDUCING TRADE COSTS

Q52: Is external support aligned with your national and regional needs to reduce trade costs?

Yes

Q53: Additional information.

We have (for example) worked with donors such as the International Finance Cooperation (ICF) as it relates a Trade Logistics Project which will when fully launched impact positively on trade cost reduction.

#### PAGE 31: E.1) REDUCING TRADE COSTS

Q54: How is external support aligned with your needs?(You may tick more than 1 box)

External support is aligned with national priorities to reduce trade costs

,

Dialogue with donors has resulted in attention to the issue of trade costs

,

Improved dialogue with the private sector has resulted in this being prioritized

,

Improved dialogue with regional partners has resulted in this being prioritized

Q55: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question	

## PAGE 32: E.1) REDUCING TRADE COSTS

needs?(You may tick more than 1 box)	question
QUIT / taaitional informationi	Respondent skipped this question

## PAGE 34: F.1) TRADE FACILITATION AGREEMENT

Q58: What impact would implementation of the Trade Facilitation Agreement, when adopted, have on the evolution of your trade costs?	No capacity to estimate	
Q59: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question	

## PAGE 35: F.1) TRADE FACILITATION AGREEMENT

Q60: In which regions would the implementation of the Trade Facilitation Agreement, when adopted, have the biggest impact on the trade costs you face ? (Please choose no more than 5 options)	No capacity to estimate
Q61: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

## PAGE 36: F.1) TRADE FACILITATION AGREEMENT

Q62: Do you plan to seek Aid-for-Trade support to help implement the Trade Facilitation Agreement, when adopted ?	Yes, after TFA adoption
Q63: Have you undertaken a Trade Facilitation Needs Assessment?	Yes

## PAGE 37: F.1) TRADE FACILITATION AGREEMENT

Q64: Please specify the organization(s) involved in and year(s) of each needs assessment.

WTO 2008

UNCTAD 2013

### PAGE 38: F.1) TRADE FACILITATION AGREEMENT

Q65: Do you plan to request a new Trade Facilitation Needs Assessment or an update of an existing assessment?

Yes

Q66: Please specify why.

There are ongoing reforms within the Customs Division and other Border Agencies which will surely impact our Trade Facilitation requirements upon completion.

#### PAGE 39: F.1) TRADE FACILITATION AGREEMENT

Q67: Where might you need support to implement the Trade Facilitation Agreement, when adopted? (You may tick more than 1 box)

To develop national implementation plans,

To support implementation of specific TFA provisions

.

To align support with on-going national reform programmes

,

To align commitments with on-going regional programmes

### PAGE 40: F.1) TRADE FACILITATION AGREEMENT

Q68: What difficulties do you face, or do you expect to face, in securing Aid-for-Trade support to help implement the Trade Facilitation Agreement, when adopted? (You may tick more than 1 box)

Lack of information on funding opportunities,

Problems accessing external funds,

Accessing the necessary expertise,

Problems in formulating requests,

Accessing global programmes

#### PAGE 41: F.1) TRADE FACILITATION AGREEMENT

Q69: Which disciplines of the Trade Facilitation Agreement, when adopted, will prove the hardest to implement and where Aid-for-Trade support should be focused?(You may tick more than 1 box) Advance rulings, Appeal and review procedures

Q70: Additional information.

The Customs Act No. 20 of 2010 and its Regulations has allowed Dominica the ability to be compliant with many of the measures housed within the ambit of the new Trade Facilitation Agreement.

## PAGE 43: G.1) IMPACT: REDUCING TRADE COSTS AND INCLUSIVE, SUSTAINABLE GROWTH

Q71: What have been the key factors in achieving	Private sector engagement and commitment,
successful reductions in trade costs? (Please choose no more than 5 options)	Funding from development partners,
	Alignment of donor support with national priorities
	,
	Sustained engagement of development partners,
	Sustained political engagement and commitment by national authorities
Q72: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

### PAGE 44: G.1) IMPACT: REDUCING TRADE COSTS AND INCLUSIVE, SUSTAINABLE GROWTH

Updated customs legislation,
Updated customs working practices,
Improved cooperation between border agencies,
New or updated transport infrastructure (roads, bridges, etc.)
,
New network infrastructure (e.g. ICT, power)
Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 45: G.1) IMPACT: REDUCING TRADE COSTS AND INCLUSIVE, SUSTAINABLE GROWTH

Q75: What outcomes have been achieved by actions taken to reduce trade costs? (Please choose no	Reduction in border clearance times,
more than 5 options)  Q76: Additional information.	Increase in traffic flows through border posts  Respondent skipped this
	question

## PAGE 46: G.1) IMPACT: REDUCING TRADE COSTS AND INCLUSIVE, SUSTAINABLE GROWTH

Q77: What impacts have been achieved by actions taken to reduce trade costs? (Please choose no more than 5 options)	Diversification in export markets,
	Diversification in export products,
	Higher revenues for exporters,
	Higher revenues for importers,
	Rise in employment, Fall in poverty
Q78: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

## PAGE 47: G.1) IMPACT: REDUCING TRADE COSTS AND INCLUSIVE, SUSTAINABLE GROWTH

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PAGE 48: G.1) IMPACT: REDUCING TRADE COSTS AND INCLUSIVE, SUSTAINABLE GROWTH

Q81: What contribution can reducing trade costs make to the target of inclusive, sustainable growth?
(Please choose no more than 7 options)

Increase in exports, Rise in employment,
Entry into new value chains,
Diversification in export markets,
Diversification in export products,
Domestic private sector investment,
Reduction in poverty

Q82: Additional information.

Respondent skipped this question

### PAGE 50: H.1) IMPACT OF THE AID FOR TRADE INITIATIVE

Q83: Has the alignment of Aid-for-Trade support to your national needs and priorities changed since the launch of the Aid-for-Trade Initiative in 2005?

Improved

## PAGE 51: H.1) IMPACT OF THE AID FOR TRADE INITIATIVE

Q84: If it has improved, please specify why.(You may tick more than one box)

Better dialogue with donors,

Better dialogue with the private sector,

Better dialogue with regional partners

### PAGE 52: H.1) IMPACT OF THE AID FOR TRADE INITIATIVE

Q85: Why has the alignment declined?(You may tick more than 1 box)	Respondent skipped this question
Q86: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

## PAGE 53: H.1) IMPACT OF THE AID FOR TRADE INITIATIVE

Q87: What impact has the Aid-for-Trade Initiative had since it was launched in 2005?(You may tick more than 1 box)

Increase in resources available for trade development,

More attention to trade issues in development,

More priority given by regional authorities to trade issues in development planning,

More priority given by donors to trade issues in national development planning

Q88: Additional information.

Respondent skipped this question

## PAGE 54: H.1) IMPACT OF THE AID FOR TRADE INITIATIVE

Q89: What potential future contribution could the Enhanced Integrated Framework for LDCs make to the post-2015 development agenda? (Please choose no more than 5 options)	Mainstreaming of trade issues in national policy, Coherence in trade and development policy, Catalyst for Aid-for-Trade flows, Contribution to inclusive, sustainable growth, Women's economic empowerment
Q90: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question
Q91: What potential future contribution could the Aid-for-Trade Initiative make to the post-2015 development agenda? (Please choose a maximum of 5 options)	Contribution of financing for development,  Contribution to improving the business and regulatory environment,  Ensuring continued attention to trade issues in development,  Making a contribution to economic growth and poverty eradication through inclusive, sustainable development
Q92: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question
Q93: How in your view could the Aid-for-Trade Initiative be improved?	Respondent skipped this question

## PAGE 55: H.1) IMPACT OF THE AID FOR TRADE INITIATIVE

Q94: Additional information on "Reducing trade costs and inclusive, sustainable growth". If there is anything you would like to add on the topic of "Reducing trade costs for inclusive, sustainable growth", which you feel has not been covered in this questionnaire, please use this box.

Respondent skipped this question