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REGIONAL QUESTIONNAIRE ON AID FOR TRADE

This questionnaire is intended to solicit information about the role that trade plays in your regional and sectoral development strategies, your region's aid-for-trade needs and the response of the donor community to these needs. It focuses in particular on the outputs and outcomes of aid for trade. For further details or additional forms please visit www.oecd.org/dac/aft/questionnaire or contact the secretariats of the OECD or the WTO at [aft.monitoring@oecd.org] or [aft.monitoring@wto.org]. Finally we would ask that you complete this form electronically to ease the interpretation and analysis process.

ORGANISATION: TRANSIT TRANSPORT CO-ORDINATION AUTHORITY OF THE NORTHERN CORRIDOR (TTCA-NC) **MEMBERSHIP**: BURUNDI, DEM. REP. of CONGO, KENYA, RWANDA, UGANDA.

1. IS TRADE MAINSTREAMED IN YOUR REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY?

Q1.1 Do you have a regional development plan or strategy?

If yes, does this regional plan or strategy include trade as an instrument for economic development?	growth and				
The regional development plan or strategy includes trade as a priority area and specific trade operational objectives to be achieved					
The regional development plan or strategy includes general statements on the role of trade in economic growth and development					
The regional development plan makes reference to trade, but not as an economic growth and development instrument					
The regional development plan makes no reference to trade					
Other					
Please provide additional details (and webpage links to relevant documentation): www.ttcanc.org					
Q1.2 Do you have specific regional sectoral development plans or strategies (e.g. infrastructure, agriculture, industrial development, services, etc.)?	YES	№ □			
If yes, do the regional sectoral development plans or strategies include trade as an ins growth and development?	trument for e	economic			
Regional sectoral development plans include trade as a priority area and specific operational trade objectives to be achieved in specific sectors					
Regional sectoral development plans include general statements on the role of trade in economic growth and development					
Regional sectoral development plans make reference to trade, but not as an economic growth and development instrument					
Regional sectoral development plans make no reference to trade					

Q1.3 Do you have a trad	YES	NO 🗆				
If yes, is the main focus of th	he trade policy or strateg	gy on intra-reg	gional trade or	extra-regiona	ıl trade?	
INTRA-REGIONAL					T SURE	
If yes , please explain further	r hy ticking the appropri	iate hoves (mo	ore than one ho	y may he tick	ed)	
The agreement establishing the regional economic community provides for establishment of a regional trade organization (e.g. a regional free trade area or a customs union)						
There is a separate agreeme area or customs union), whi			· -	trade		
The regional trade agreeme implementation arrangeme		separate agree	ements which c	over	✓	
Other trade agreements have	ve been signed with thir	d parties or a	re under negot	iation.		
Please provide additional de and main priorities):	etails, including details o	on the trade be	eing formulated	l (e.g. its focu	s, orientation	
Q1.4 Please outline the main constraints to intra-regional trade: (more than one box may be ticked)						
Q1.4 Please outline the r	nain constraints to int	ra-regional ti	rade: (more th	an one box i	may be ticked)	
Q1.4 Please outline the r	nain constraints to int	ra-regional to MOST IMPORTANT	rade: (more th	LESS IMPORTANT	nay be ticked) NOT IMPORTANT	
	main constraints to int	MOST	-	LESS	NOT	
Low regional demand	main constraints to int	MOST	-	LESS	NOT	
Low regional demand Competitiveness		MOST	-	LESS	NOT	
Q1.4 Please outline the r Low regional demand Competitiveness Regulatory environment for Limited export diversification	doing business	MOST	-	LESS	NOT	
Low regional demand Competitiveness Regulatory environment for Limited export diversificatio	doing business	MOST	-	LESS	NOT	
Low regional demand Competitiveness Regulatory environment for Limited export diversification Inadequate transport links	doing business	MOST	-	LESS	NOT	
Low regional demand Competitiveness Regulatory environment for Limited export diversificatio Inadequate transport links Cost of transport services	doing business	MOST	-	LESS	NOT	
Low regional demand Competitiveness Regulatory environment for Limited export diversificatio Inadequate transport links Cost of transport services Limited access to trade fina	doing business	MOST	-	LESS	NOT	
Low regional demand Competitiveness Regulatory environment for	r doing business on nce	MOST	-	LESS	NOT	
Low regional demand Competitiveness Regulatory environment for Limited export diversification Inadequate transport links Cost of transport services Limited access to trade final Standards compliance	r doing business on nce	MOST	-	LESS	NOT	
Low regional demand Competitiveness Regulatory environment for Limited export diversification Inadequate transport links Cost of transport services Limited access to trade final Standards compliance Customs and border proced	r doing business on nce	MOST	-	LESS	NOT	

	MOST IMPORTANT	IMPORTANT	LESS IMPORTANT	NOT IMPORTANT		
Competitiveness	✓					
Limited export diversification	✓					
Inadequate transport links	✓					
Cost of export	✓					
Access to trade finance	✓					
Standards compliance	✓					
Customs and border procedures	✓					
Informal restrictions	✓					
Other		✓				
Please specify: Security and Safety						

Q1.6 Does the region have priority areas of intervention which it has identified would improve the region's capacity to benefit from trade expansion and integration?

(Below are listed the most common areas grouped according to broad aid category – please rank the top 3 priority areas among the 12 listed.)

What are your current aid-for-trade priorities in each sector? Using the following lists, please rank the top 3 priority areas in each sector (1 highest):)

SECTOR	SUB-SECTOR	RANK
Trade policy and regulations (1)	Trade policy and administrative management	1
	Trade facilitation	1
	Regional trade agreements	
	Multilateral trade negotiations	
	Trade education/training	2
	Trade-related adjustment	
Economic infrastructure (2)	Transport and storage	1
	Communications	1
	Energy supply and generations	
Building productive capacity (3)	Business and other services	
	Banking and financial services	
	Agriculture	
	Forestry	
	Fishing	
	Industry	
	Mineral resources and mining	

	Tourism				
Other trade	related needs				
Please speci	fy:				
	the region have ope ity areas of intervent	rational strategies (with action plans, timel tion?	lines and bud	gets) for its	
Priority 1:					
	YES ✓	BEING FORMULATED	NO []	
Please provi	de further details:	STRATEGIC PLAN 2007-2011; www.ttcanc.	<u>orq</u>		
Priority 2:					
	YES	BEING FORMULATED	NO [
Please provi	de further details:				
Priority 3:					
	YES	BEING FORMULATED	NO [
Please provi	de further details:				
-	•	nsive operational strategy which regroups ated needs (e.g. an aid-for-trade strategy)?	YES	NO 🗌	
the question		costing of the support needed? (Please attach a web link to his document): 1;	a copy of this	document to	
If no, please	explain how aid-for-tr	ade needs are identified and expressed in donc	or dialogues:		
	the current global eco or-trade needs?	onomic crisis had an impact on your	YES [l NO NO ✓	
If yes, please	e provide additional de	etails:			
		IAL STRATEGIES DEVELOPED? HOW ARE R ATIONAL POLICIES AND IMPLEMENTED BY			
	•	nvolved in the elaboration of your regional of (More than one box may be ticked.)	and/or region	nal sectoral	
The Secreta	riat convenes <i>ad hoc</i> m	neetings of national experts on specific topics		✓	
	riat convenes meeting nmits of heads of state	s of national experts on the basis of decisions		✓	
There is a st	anding committee resp	ponsible for trade policy		✓	
-	perts meet in standing	committees on policy areas as laid out in the		✓	

Each policy area is served by standing committees of national experts serviced by the Secretariat		✓
In the absence of a secretariat, regional development plans are agreed through meetings of members convened by the member holding the presidency	[
Please provide additional details: Stakeholders meeting		
Q2.2 Do you engage in dialogue with the private sector in the formulation of regional strategies?	YES	NO 🗌
If yes, please specify if dialogue is with: (More than one box may be ticked.)		
Regional private sector committee		✓

Please provide additional details (e.g. on level of interaction, frequency of meetings, members of committees, etc.):

Q2.3 What difficulties do you face in elaborating and co-ordinating regional strategies? (More than one box may be ticked.)

National sectoral associations

Individual companies

National private sector committee

	MOST IMPORTANT	IMPORTANT	LESS IMPORTANT	NOT IMPORTANT		
Lack of clear mandate				✓		
National funding constraints			✓			
Secretariat funding constraints	✓					
Lack of detailed expertise in the region				✓		
High turnover of national officials			✓			
Poor articulation with national strategies	✓					
Membership of overlapping regional agreements	✓					
Other						
Please specify:						
Please provide further details:						

Q2.4 What difficulties do you face in implementing regional development or regional sectoral

strategies? (More than one box may be ticked.)		·	_	
	MOST IMPORTANT	IMPORTANT	LESS IMPORTANT	NOT IMPORTANT

Lack of clear mandate						✓	
Difficulties in establishing regio	nal funds			✓			
Difficulty in using loan financing	ţ			✓			
Poor articulation with national strategies			✓				
Membership of overlapping reg	ional agreeme	nts	✓				
Lack of political commitment at	: national level			✓			
Other							
Please specify:	Please specify:						
Please provide further details:							
Q2.5 What difficulties do you face in implementing regional trade strategies? (More than one box may be ticked.)							
		IN	MOST //PORTANT	IMPORTANT	LESS IMPORTANT	NOT IMPORTANT	
Lack of clear mandate	Lack of clear mandate					✓	
Dependence of national govern	ments on tarif	f			✓		
Membership of overlapping reg	ional agreeme	nts		✓			
Lack of national implementatio agreements	n of regional		✓				
Informal restrictions				✓			
Other							
Please specify:							
Please provide further details:							
3. WHAT AID-FOR-TRADE SUPPORT DO YOU RECEIVE AND HOW DO DONORS PROGRAMME THEIR ASSISTANCE?							
Q3.1 What aid-for-trade sup	Q3.1 What aid-for-trade support do you receive? ¹ Please attempt to complete the table below.						
	2002-2005	2006	200	7 2008	2009	2010	
Trade policy and regulation							
Economic infrastructure							
Trade related adjustment							

¹ The Aid-for-Trade Statistical Queries page offers access to aid-for-trade statistics (through the online interface called the <u>Query Wizard for International Development Statistics</u>, or QWIDS). Users can extract and download the aid-for-trade statistics from 2002 onwards (i.e. volume, origin, and aid categories for over 150 developing countries and territories, including project-level information). The last year for which information exists is 2008.

Building productive capaci	ity					
Other			✓	✓	✓	✓
Please provide additional	details: Institutional sup	port by	ADB to TI	CA-NC	<u> </u>	
Q3.2 How many donors	currently provide aid-j	for-tra	de assistaı	nce?		
1-5 5-10						
Please provide more details:						
Q3.3 Is there a forum for dialogue with donors on aid-for-trade priorities?						
If yes, please provide addit	tional details:					
Q3.4 Describe the basis (More than one b	on which donors progrox may be ticked.)	ramme	their aid-	for-trade sup	port?	
			ALL	MOST	SOME	NONE
Multi-annual				✓		
Annual						
Thematic						
Ad hoc						
As part of their broader de	evelopment assistance:					
Separately, as specific aid-	for-trade assistance:			✓		
Q3.5 How do donors es	tablish the priorities of ox may be ticked.)	their d	aid-for-tra	de support?		
(Wore than one bo	ox may be tiered.y		ALL	MOST	SOME	NONE
Regional development stra	ategy		✓			
Sectoral plans						
Trade strategy			✓			
Aid-for-Trade Strategy			✓			
Ad hoc requests						
Donor's own needs assess	ment					
Q3.6 What constraints (More than one be	do you face in securing ox may be ticked.)	funds	for aid for	trade?		
		II	MOST IPORTANT	IMPORTANT	LESS IMPORTANT	NOT IMPORTANT
Not all donors have region	nal programmes					

Existing donors are reluctant to establish separate aid-for-trade mechanisms	✓					
Constraints faced by donors in offering support to regional organizations		✓				
Difficulty in utilizing loan financing	✓					
Lack of appropriate oversight mechanisms	✓					
Lack of counterpart national oversight mechanisms						
Poor needs identification and prioritization		✓				
Difficulties faced in developing bankable projects	✓					
Regional priorities are not reflected in national requests for funding						
Conflicting demand from overlapping regional organizations						
Other						
Please specify:						
Q3.7 What impact has the global economic crisis		d-for-trade su	upport your r	eceive		
from donors? (More than one box may be ticked.)						
	MOST		LESS	NOT		
	MOST IMPORTANT	IMPORTANT	LESS IMPORTANT	NOT IMPORTANT		
Fewer partners offering support		IMPORTANT		_		
Fewer partners offering support Change in donor priorities		IMPORTANT		_		
		IMPORTANT		_		
Change in donor priorities		IMPORTANT		_		
Change in donor priorities Greater focus on showing results		IMPORTANT		_		
Change in donor priorities Greater focus on showing results Fewer resources available		IMPORTANT		_		
Change in donor priorities Greater focus on showing results Fewer resources available Focus on short term adjustment costs Greater role of south-south partners Other		IMPORTANT		_		
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Change in donor priorities Greater focus on showing results Fewer resources available Focus on short term adjustment costs Greater role of south-south partners Other Please specify:	IMPORTANT			_		
Change in donor priorities Greater focus on showing results Fewer resources available Focus on short term adjustment costs Greater role of south-south partners Other	IMPORTANT			_		
Change in donor priorities Greater focus on showing results Fewer resources available Focus on short term adjustment costs Greater role of south-south partners Other Please specify:	IMPORTANT	improved?	IMPORTANT	IMPORTANT		
Change in donor priorities Greater focus on showing results Fewer resources available Focus on short term adjustment costs Greater role of south-south partners Other Please specify: Q3.8 How could the programming of aid-for-trade	IMPORTANT	improved?	IMPORTANT	IMPORTANT		
Change in donor priorities Greater focus on showing results Fewer resources available Focus on short term adjustment costs Greater role of south-south partners Other Please specify: Q3.8 How could the programming of aid-for-trade Better definition of aid-for-trade needs	IMPORTANT	improved?	IMPORTANT	IMPORTANT		
Change in donor priorities Greater focus on showing results Fewer resources available Focus on short term adjustment costs Greater role of south-south partners Other Please specify: Q3.8 How could the programming of aid-for-trade Better definition of aid-for-trade needs Better prioritization of aid-for-trade needs	IMPORTANT	improved?	IMPORTANT	IMPORTANT		

Use of regional funds	✓						
More use of joint needs assessment	✓						
Sector-wide approaches		✓					
Other							
Please specify:							

4. HOW DO YOU MONITOR AND EVALUATE ASSISTANCE RECEIVED?

Q4.1 Who is responsible for overseeing and coordinating aid-for-trade assistance received?								
A regional committee composed of representatives of national governments is responsible for coordination and implementation								
The Secretariat department responsible for trade								
The Secretariat department responsible for trade has a co-ordinating role, it is the relevant sectoral departments which have responsibility								
There is a Secretariat central unit responsible for co-ordination						✓		
Other					✓			
Please specify: Institutional arrangement with Donor								
Q4.2 Do you monitor and evaluate your donor supported trade-related programmes?								
ALWAYS	NEARLY ALWAYS	REGULARLY 🗌		R	ARELY	NO ⁻	NOT SURE	
If you monitor and evaluate, do you use:								
		REGULARLY	SOMETIM	ΛES	RARELY	NEVER	NOT SURE	
Donor monitoring and evaluations results								
Joint monitoring and evaluation arrangements		✓						
Own monitoring and evaluation arrangements								
Reporting by member states through national systems								

Q4.3 In what ways could the implementation and effectiveness of aid for trade received be improved? Please rank in order of importance (1 highest)

	RANKING		
Greater say in the design of interventions	1		
Better predictability of funding	1		
More regular joint donor implementation approaches	2		

More frequent coordination efforts with donors	2
More systematic use of monitoring and evaluation systems	1
Stronger focus on capacity development	1
Greater capacity within the Secretariat	1
More harmonized reporting requirements	1
Greater coordination between member states	1
Other	
Please describe:	

Q4.4 Please identify 3 areas of intervention where aid for trade has been effective in addressing supply-side and trade-related infrastructure constraints within your region?

Area 1: Customs and Trade Facilitation

Area 2: Infrastructure Development

Area 3: Transport policy and regulations

Q4.5 If your organization has received direct assistance from donors, please provide further details, in particular with regard to the impact and outcome of the assistance provided?

(You may wish to answer this question by submitting a case story or stories.)

A Case story: Institutional support for East Africa trade and Transport facilitation by ADB to TTCA-NC

Q4.6 Are their particular examples of aid-for-trade processes, programmes or projects which have obtained good results that you think would contribute to the development of good practice?

(If so, please describe them below. You may also wish to consider submitting a case story or stories on this example or these examples.)