

Netherlands

Figure 1. Proportion of CO₂ emissions from energy use subject to different levels of effective carbon rates in Netherlands in 2018

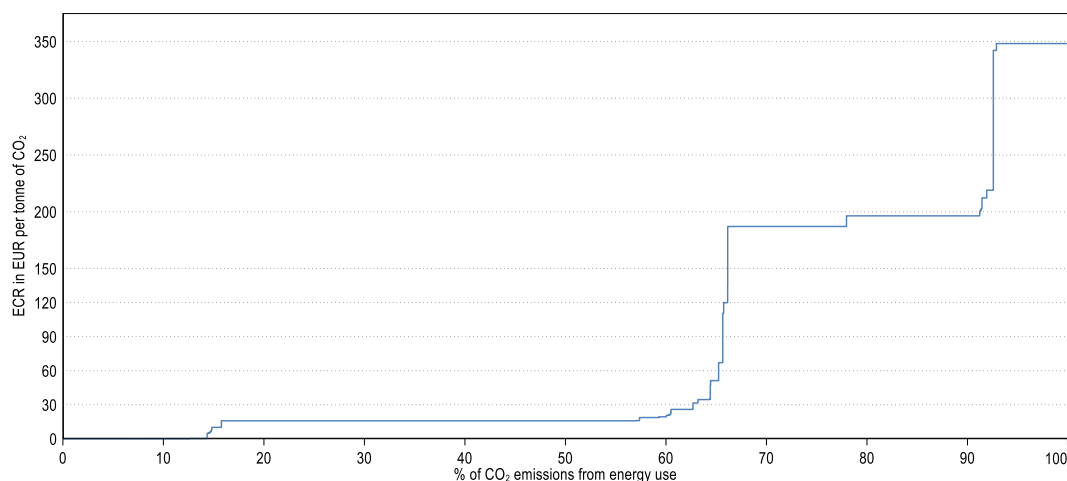
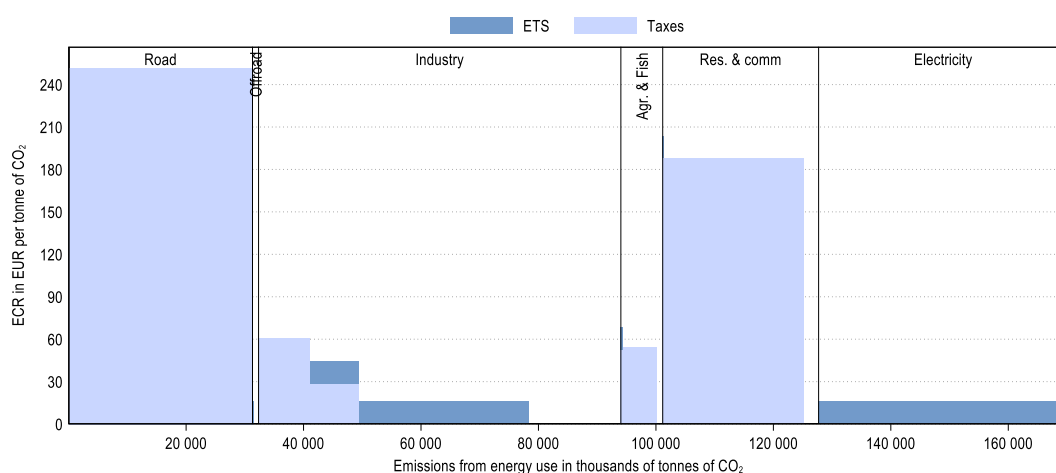


Figure 2. Average effective carbon rates in Netherlands by sector and component in 2018



In 2018, effective carbon rates in the Netherlands consisted of fuel excise taxes and to a smaller extent of permit prices from the EU-ETS. The Netherlands did not have an explicit carbon tax. The Netherlands priced about 87% of its carbon emissions from energy use and about 35% were priced at an ECR above EUR 60 per tonne of CO₂ (see top figure). Emissions priced at this level originated primarily from the road transport sector. The majority of unpriced emissions were from the industry sector and the residential and commercial sector.

For additional information to interpret the graphs, see: <https://oe.cd/ECR-graph-info>

Main insights from the effective carbon rates database: <http://oe.cd/ECR2021>