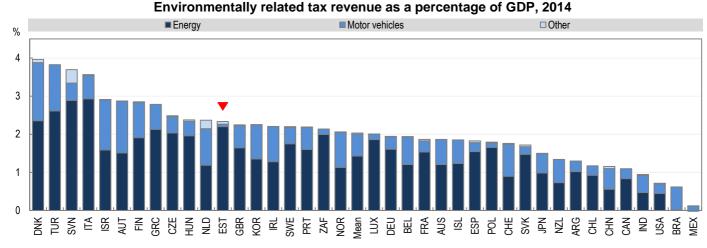


BETTER POLICIES FOR BETTER LIVES

Revenue from environmentally related taxes in Estonia¹

As a share of GDP, Estonia has the 12th highest environmentally related tax revenue among 34 OECD and 5 partner economies. In 2014, environmentally related tax revenues were at 2.33% of GDP, compared to 2.0% on average among the 39 countries.

In Estonia, taxes on energy represented 94% of total environmentally related tax revenue, compared to 70% on average among the 39 countries.



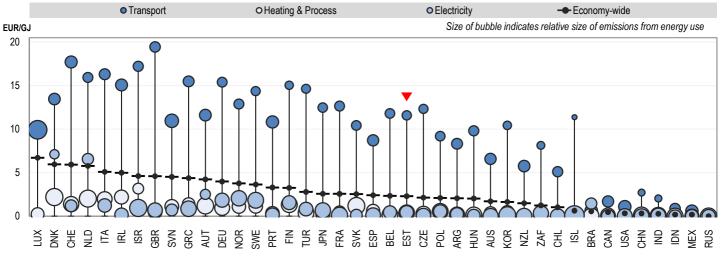
¹Data from OECD.Stat include all OECD countries (except Latvia) and Argentina, Brazil, China, India and South Africa. Please see OECD.Stat for country specific notes.

Taxes on energy use in Estonia²

The <u>OECD's Taxing Energy Use (2015)</u> publication compares taxes on energy use (excise and carbon taxes) across 34 OECD and 7 partner economies. The chart below shows average tax rates, expressed in EUR per GJ, by sector across all fuels and the economy-wide average. The bubble size represents the weight of the sector in total energy use.

- » Estonia has higher average tax rates on transport fuels (11.58 EUR/GJ) than on fuels used for heating and process purposes (0.39 EUR/GJ) or electricity generation (0.43 EUR/GJ);
- » Estonia has the 23rd highest tax rate on energy on an economy-wide basis, at EUR 2.29 per GJ, compared with EUR 2.7 per GJ on a simple-average basis across the 34 OECD and 7 partner economies.

Average tax rates on energy in transport, heating and process use, and electricity generation



²Data from Taxing Energy Use are for 2012 and include all OECD countries (except Latvia) and Argentina, Brazil, China, India, Indonesia, Russia and South Africa.

Contacts

David Bradbury Centre for Tax Policy and Administration Head, Tax Policy and Statistics Division David.Bradbury@oecd.org Kurt Van Dender Centre for Tax Policy and Administration Head, Tax and Environment Unit Kurt.VanDender@oecd.org



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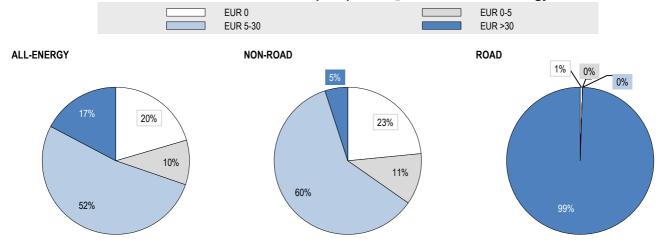
Effective carbon rates in Estonia

The <u>OECD's Effective Carbon Rates (2016)</u> publication presents the combined price signal on CO_2 emissions from taxes on energy and emissions trading systems (ETS), or the effective carbon rate (ECR).³ The charts below show shares of CO_2 emissions subject to different price ranges, for road, non-road and all emissions from energy use. EUR 30 is a conservative estimate of the climate damage from one tonne of CO_2 emissions.

In Estonia, 20% of carbon emissions from energy use face no price signal at all; 70% face a price at or above EUR 5 per tonne of CO₂; and 17% face a price at or above EUR 30 per tonne of CO₂. This compares to a zero price for 60% of emissions across all countries, a price at or above EUR 5 per tonne for 30% and at or above EUR 30 per tonne for 10% of emissions.

Excluding road use, 23% of carbon emissions from energy use in Estonia face no price signal at all; 65% face a price at or above
EUR 5 per tonne of CO₂; and 5% face a price at or above EUR 30 per tonne of CO₂. This compares to a zero price for 70% of emissions across all countries, a price at or above EUR 5 per tonne for 19% and at or above EUR 30 per tonne for 4% of emissions.

Distribution of Effective Carbon Rates (ECR) on CO₂ emissions from energy use in Estonia



Figures shown in the charts may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

»

³Notes on the interpretation of effective carbon rates: Box 3.1 (p.38-40), OECD's Effective Carbon Rates (2016), or consult http://oe.cd/ECRinterpretation

CO₂ emissions priced and average rates in Estonia

The table below shows the average price signals from taxes and trading systems, and the share of emissions priced by these instruments.

» Estonia is subject to the EU ETS, which had an average permit price of EUR 7.24 per tonne of CO₂ in 2012.

In total, taxes in Estonia price 75% of CO_2 emissions from energy use; and the EU ETS prices 49%. The sectors with the highest tax coverage are offroad transport & electricity (both at 100%). The sectors with the highest price coverage by the ETS are electricity

(95%) and industry (38%).

Share of emissions priced and average price signals from tax & ETS, Estonia

	CO ₂ emissions by sector (in t CO ₂)	Ta Average price (in EUR/tCO ₂)	ax Share of emissions priced	E Average price (in EUR/tCO ₂)	TS Share of emissions priced	Overlap of tax and ETS ⁵	Emissions not priced by tax or ETS
Agriculture & Fishing	277	41.3	91%	0.0	0%	0%	9%
Electricity	6 533	4.2	100%	7.2	95%	95%	0%
Industry	5 295	4.8	58%	7.2	38%	23%	27%
Offroad transport	110	148.3	100%	7.2	3%	3%	0%
Residential & Commercial	2 301	24.7	16%	7.2	1%	0%	84%
Road transport	2 166	161.3	99%	0.0	0%	0%	1%
Total ⁴	16 683	25.5	75%	3.6	49%	45%	20%

Access the data for all 41 countries: http://oe.cd/emissionsdata

⁴Total average prices are weighted by the share of emissions in each sector that is priced in the country.

⁵Tax and ETS can apply to the same emissions base. The overlap describes the percentage of emissions in a sector that is priced by both tax and ETS.