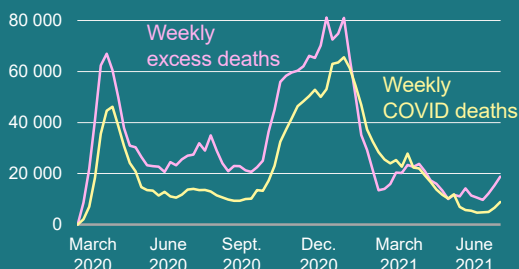


Facts & figures

COVID-19 has caused around 2.5 million excess deaths in OECD countries

Across 30 OECD countries



Older people and socially disadvantaged groups are more likely to be severely ill or die from the virus.

Vaccines have reduced weekly deaths from COVID-19

In the 12 OECD countries with vaccination rates above 65% (as of mid-October), weekly deaths from COVID-19 have fallen by an average of 86% since late-January 2021



However, vaccination rates remain very low in many developing countries.

Source: Our World in Data.

The mental health impact has been huge

Prevalence of anxiety and depression is more than double the levels observed prior to the pandemic.

Prevalence rate (%) of symptoms of depression

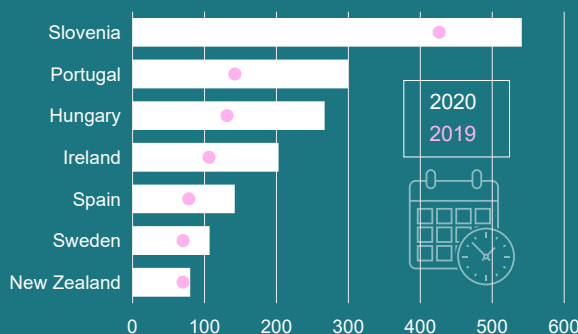
Pre-COVID 2021 or 2020



Source: National data sources. Note: Sweden, Mexico, Italy and Japan refer to 2020.

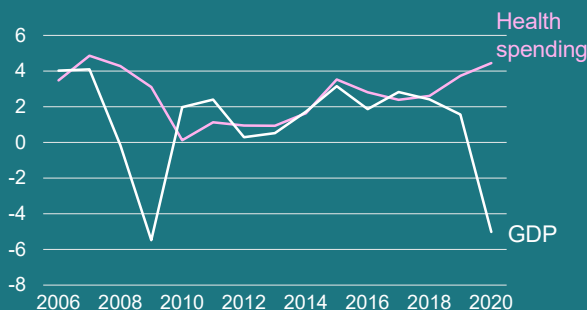
COVID-19 has disrupted health care for people with other needs

Number of days waiting for knee replacement (median)



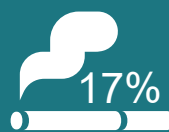
COVID-19 has led to increases in health spending

Annual % growth in health expenditure and GDP per capita, OECD average



Smoking, harmful drinking & obesity are the root cause of many chronic conditions

Rates among adult population, *OECD average



Daily smokers*



Overweight or obese*



Heavy drinkers (range among countries with data)

These factors also increase the risk of people dying from COVID-19.